

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Version: 1.2

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# **Product identifier**

Product form Mixture

Trade name : PETRA LOW BOIL DOT 3 BRAKE FLUID

Product code : 6312, 6332, 6364

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Brake Fluid

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Petra Oil Company 11085 Regency Green Drive Cypress, TX 77429 T 713-856-5700

#### **Emergency telephone number**

**Emergency number** : CHEMTREC 24 Hour 1-800-424-9300, 1-703-527-3887 (International)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS-US** classification

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Dam. 1 H318 H361 Repr. 2 STOT RE 2 H373

Full text of H statements : see section 16

#### **Label elements**

### **GHS-US** labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS07



Signal word (GHS-US) Danger

H302 - Harmful if swallowed Hazard statements (GHS-US) H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H373 - May cause damage to organs (kidneys, central nervous system) through prolonged or

repeated exposure (oral, Inhalation)

P201 - Obtain special instructions Precautionary statements (GHS-US)

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P260 - Do not breathe dust,fumes,gas,mist,vapor spray P264 - Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a poison center, doctor if you feel unwell

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P310 - Immediately call a poison center, doctor, physician P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell P321 - Specific treatment: See section 4.1 on SDS

P330 - Rinse mouth

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with

local, regional, national, international regulations.

#### Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: None under normal conditions

EN (English US) 1/9

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
2-(2-propoxyethoxy)ethanol	(CAS No) 6881-94-3	40 - 60	Flam. Liq. 4, H227
Diethylene Glycol	(CAS No) 111-46-6	10 - 20	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 STOT RE 2, H373
Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	(CAS No) 143-22-6	10 - 20	Eye Dam. 1, H318
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	(CAS No) 112-35-6	10 - 15	Not classified
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol	(CAS No) 112-34-5	5 - 10	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319

The exact percentage is a trade secret.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service. Allow

victim to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Wash with water and soap. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

First-aid measures after eye contact

First-aid measures after ingestion

do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

Fatal if swallowed. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service. Victim is fully conscious:

immediately induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency

medical attention. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Symptoms/injuries after eye contact May cause moderate irritation. Causes skin irritation. Itching. Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation.
 Causes serious eye damage. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Irritation of the eye

tissue. Redness of the eye tissue.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

: Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No additional information available

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Safety glasses.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

EN (English US) 2/9

### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Dam up the liquid spill. Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Plug the

leak, cut off the supply.

Methods for cleaning up Absorbed substance: shovel into drums. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or

diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

#### Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Obtain special instructions . Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapor spray.

Hygiene measures

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Always wash hands after handling the product. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Remove contaminated clothes. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage conditions

: Keep cool. Store in a dry place. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated

place away from : Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible products

: Oxidizing agent. Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials Special rules on packaging : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. : Keep only in original container.

# Specific end use(s)

Follow Label Directions.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Control parameters**

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value; Inhalable fraction and vapor)
8.2 Evposure co	introle	

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Local exhaust venilation, vent hoods .

Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Personal protective equipment

Gloves. Safety glasses. Avoid all unnecessary exposure.



Materials for protective clothing

: GIVE EXCELLENT RESISTANCE:

Hand protection

: Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection

Chemical goggles or face shield. Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and body protection

Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. Protective clothing. Wear suitable protective

Respiratory protection

Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Wear gas mask if concentration in air >

exposure limit. Wear appropriate mask.

Environmental exposure controls

Avoid release to the environment

Consumer exposure controls

: Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liauid Appearance : Liquid.

> EN (English US) 3/9

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Color : Amber. Yellow.
Odor : Mild . Ether-like odour.
Odor threshold : No data available

pH : 10.5

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Melting point : No data available

Freezing point : -50 °C

Boiling point : 205 °C

Flash point : 203 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : 310 °C

Decomposition temperature : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available : Not Determined Vapor pressure Relative vapor density at 20 °C : Not Determined Relative density : 1.03 - 1.07 Specific gravity / density : 8.33 - 9.02 lb/gal Solubility : Soluble in water. Log Pow : No data available No data available Log Kow Viscosity, kinematic < 1500 cSt No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available Explosive properties Oxidizing properties : No data available : No data available **Explosion limits** 

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 0 %

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

# 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Not established.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent. Strong acids. Strong bases.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Toxic fume. . Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

#### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Oral: Harmful if swallowed.

2-(2-propoxyethoxy)ethanol (6881-94-3)	
LD50 oral rat	6661 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	5048 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Diethylene Glycol (111-46-6)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	11890 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	3480 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-6)	

EN (English US) 4/9

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-6)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	7455 mg/kg (Rabbit)
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5)	
LD50 oral rat	5660 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	2764 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
	pH: 10.5
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
	pH: 10.5
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs (kidneys, central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral, Inhalation).
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: May cause moderate irritation. Causes skin irritation. Itching. Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Irritation of the eye tissue. Redness of the eye tissue.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. **Toxicity**

: No data available. Ecology - general

Diethylene Glycol (111-46-6)		
LC50 fish 1	> 5000 ppm (LC50; 24 h)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (EC50; 24 h)	
Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6)		
LC50 fish 2	2200 mg/l (LC50; 96 h)	
EC50 Daphnia 2	> 500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h)	
Threshold limit algae 1	> 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)	
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-6)		
LC50 fish 1	> 5000 mg/l (LC50; 96 h)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (LC50; 48 h)	
Threshold limit algae 1	> 500 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)	
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5)		
LC50 fish 1	1300 mg/l (LC50; OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test; 96 h; Lepomis macrochirus; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)	
EC50 Daphnia 2	> 100 mg/l (EC50; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)	

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

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PETRA LOW BOIL DOT 3 BRAKE FLUID 12 FI	L.OZ.
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
2-(2-propoxyethoxy)ethanol (6881-94-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in water: no data available.
Diethylene Glycol (111-46-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil. Photolysis in the air.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.02 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.51 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	1.51 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.015

EN (English US) 5/9

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

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Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.02 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.83 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance	
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-	6)	
Persistence and degradability	Inherently biodegradable. Non degradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air. Not established.	
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Photodegradation in the air.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.25 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.08 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance	
ThOD	2.173 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.11	
2.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
PETRA LOW BOIL DOT 3 BRAKE FLUID 12 FL	.OZ.	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
2-(2-propoxyethoxy)ethanol (6881-94-3)		
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.	
Diethylene Glycol (111-46-6)		
BCF fish 1	100 (BCF; Other; 3 days; Leuciscus melanotus; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental	
Bot horr	value)	
Log Pow	-1.98 (Calculated; Other)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6)		
Log Pow	0.51 (Experimental value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-6)		
Log Pow	-1.13	
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable. Not established.	
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5)		
BCF fish 1	0.46 (BCF)	
Log Pow	0.56 (Experimental value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
2.4. Mobility in soil		
<u> </u>		
Diethylene Glycol (111-46-6)	0.0405 N/	
Surface tension	0.0485 N/m  Kee SBC DCKOCMIN v4 66: 1: Colorieted value: les Kee: SBC DCKOCMIN v4 66: 0:	
Log Koc	Koc,SRC PCKOCWIN v1.66; 1; Calculated value; log Koc; SRC PCKOCWIN v1.66; 0; Calculated value	
Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-6)		
Surface tension	0.0314 N/m	
Curioc teriolori		
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5)		
	0.034 N/m (25 °C)	
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5) Surface tension	0.034 N/m (25 °C)	
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5) Surface tension  2.5. Other adverse effects	0.034 N/m (25 °C)  Avoid release to the environment.	

13.1. Was	te treatment	methods
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Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local, regional,

national, international regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

> EN (English US) 6/9

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

US DOT (ground): Not regulated, ICAO/IATA (air): Not regulated, IMO/IMDG (water): Not regulated,

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Not regulated

BRAKE FLUID, OTHER THAN PETROLEUM

#### 14.3. Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

#### **Overland transport**

No additional information available

#### Transport by sea

No additional information available

#### Air transport

No additional information available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

PETRA LOW BOIL DOT 3 BRAKE FLUID 12 FL.OZ.	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	Not Lisited
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard

#### Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6)

Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

#### Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-6)

Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		s SARA Section 313
	SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
		Reactive hazard

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-6)	
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

#### **EU-Regulations**

# Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-6)

# 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

#### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Xi; R41

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

EN (English US) 7/9

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### 15.2.2. National regulations

#### PETRA LOW BOIL DOT 3 BRAKE FLUID 12 FL.OZ.

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

#### Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-6)

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

PETRA LOW BOIL DOT 3 BRAKE FLUID 12 FL.OZ.		
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No	
State or local regulations	U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
2-(2-propoxyethoxy)ethanol (6881-94-3)		

2-(2-propoxyethoxy)ethanol (6881-94-3)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 -	U.S California - Proposition 65 -	U.S California - Proposition 65 -	U.S California - Proposition 65 -	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity - Female	Reproductive Toxicity - Male	,
No	No	No	No	

Diethylene Glycol (111-46-6)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-6)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

# Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (143-22-6)

# State or local regulations

- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

#### Triethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (112-35-6)

#### State or local regulations

- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

# 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5)

# State or local regulations

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

EN (English US) 8/9

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) Ethanol (112-34-5)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases:

sk of 11 philades.		
H227	Combustible liquid	
H302	Harmful if swallowed	
H315	Causes skin irritation	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation	
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated	
	exposure	

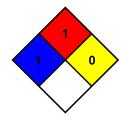
NFPA health hazard : 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual

injury even if no treatment is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and are not reactive with water.



#### **HMIS III Rating**

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 1 Slight Hazard
Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard

Personal Protection : B

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - TCC

The Supplier identified in Section 1 of this SDS has evaluated this product and certifies it to be labeled and packaged in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Federal Hazardous Substance Act as stated in 16 CFR 1500 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission, and where applicable the products that require Child Resistant Closures are packaged in accordance with the Poison Prevention Packaging Act as stated in 16 CFR 1700 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. All closures have been tested in accordance with the latest protocols. No other testing is required to certify compliance with the above. The date of manufacture is stamped on the product

Disclaimer: The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests believed to be reliable. However, the manufacturer/distributor of this product does not guarantee their accuracy or completeness NOR SHALL ANY OF THIS INFORMATION CONSTITUTE A WARRANTY, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE SAFETY OF THE GOODS, THE MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS, OR THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. The manufacturer/distributor assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of these data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied.

EN (English US) 9/9